Education settings must be able to achieve the following controls as defined by the Department of Education before opening the school to the full opening in September. The Risk Assessment must be reviewed by Head Teachers point by point and where actions are implemented, they must be reworded if necessary to show how the controls have been applied, add/amend for your school environment. The risk assessment should be reviewed at SLT and with the Governing Body. The risk rating for each identified hazard and overall risk assessment must be considered and decided/changed to Low, Medium, or High by the school on how the school proceeds with the control measures and the wider opening of the school.

The current Government guidance for detailed review to assist in your risk assessment link is https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools

Description of Activity	COVID 19 Secure Educational Settings Preparing for Full Opening of School					
Location	English Martyrs					
Completed by	Corporate Health and Safety Services (CH	Corporate Health and Safety Services (CHSS) S Hubble / B Nugent / M Moore				
Date of Assessment	September 2 nd 2020	Review Date	January 13 th 2021			

PREVENTION						
What are the hazards?	Who & how might someone be harmed?	What are you currently doing to control risks?	Risk Rating L/M/H	What else do you need to do (if applicable)?	Action by who / when?	Date Completed
(1.Minimise contact) People unwell/ Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19) Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	1 Minimise contact with staff, pupils, visitors who are unwell with Covid-19, showing symptoms, or have tested positive in last 7 days, by sharing of communications, instructions, advice to staff, pupils, parents on what the symptoms are and actions required 2 Anyone presenting Covid-19 symptoms at school will be sent home as soon as possible, if a pupil is awaiting collection they should be moved, if possible, to a room where they can be isolated behind a closed door, depending on the age and needs of the child, with appropriate adult supervision if required. Ideally, a window should be opened for ventilation. If it is not possible to isolate them, move them to an area which is at least	Н	Awareness training, raising profile for school communications of the importance of what the symptoms are and the need to adhere to HANDS – FACE - SPACE guidance Staff to adhere to their allocated bubbles as far as possible, there may be times when staff do need to cross bubbles or enter other classrooms but will be mindful of Hands / Face and Space at all times	Covid awareness training provided by SLT and PM in September /and updated in January Inset PM to keep classroom stock up to date	Sept 1st

		2 metres away from other people. If they need to go to the bathroom while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate bathroom if possible. The bathroom must be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else. 3 PPE must be worn by staff caring for the child while they await collection if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained (such as for a very young child or a child with complex needs). More information on PPE use can be found in the safe working in education, childcare and children's social care settings, including the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) guidance. 4 Awareness, communication of symptoms of Covid-19, which is a new continuous cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of or change in their normal sense of taste or smell — they must be sent home and advised to follow 'stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection', which sets out that they must self-isolate for at least 7 days and should arrange to have a test to see if they have coronavirus (COVID-19). Other members of their household (including any siblings) should self-isolate for 14 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms. 5 Any staff that have been in close contact with someone with Covid-19 symptoms do not need to self-isolate/go home unless have symptoms	 Signage at all entry points re safe distance Sharing risk assessment Campaigns of symptom awareness Teachers and Teaching Assistants to provide pupils with regular reminders of hand hygiene and respiratory hygiene Use medical room and toilet for isolation room and place notice on staff room board to inform staff Supply of PPE 'grab and go bag' stored in each classroom for in the event of point.3 – if cannot social distance to at least 2m whilst dealing with pupils presenting covid-19 symptoms PPE to include gloves, mask, apron and extra bags and cleaning materials Supply staff to be informed of location of PPE bag and sanitising stations in each class 		
(2.Hand hygiene) Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19)	Employees, agency, pupils, visitors	1 Clean hands more often than usual is the schools control measure, for staff, pupils, visitors, soap and running water is available throughout the school, this is supported with hand sanitation stations 2 This is supported with communication plan that includes when	■ NHS guidance, how to wash your hands video (20 second rule) video for all staff to heighten awareness of hand hygiene	SLT	September

Poor Hand hygiene	Causing severe	to wash your hands, including when arriving into the school,	whilst supervising pupils washing		
	infection/disease	returning from breaks, when changing rooms, before and after	hands		
		eating	Teachers and Teaching assistants	Class	
		3 An assessment is being completed for the full return of school	to share video with pupils and supervise pupils hand washing	Teachers	
		and how the hand hygiene procedures are going to be	regularly according to needs and	Teaching	
		practically implemented, what areas/toilets can be used, at what	understanding of each class or	Assistants	
		time, to ensure this doesn't become a crowding concern these	pupil/s	Admin Staff	
		areas will be supervised, supported with mobile hand sanitising	Each classroom to have hand		
		stations where needed as part of the assessment	hygiene posters displayed at sink area	PM	
		4 Signage installed throughout, education teaching resources	- " "		
		used to train pupils and staff how to clean hands properly	Pupils will wash hands on entry to school each day in designated		
		5 Monitoring and cleaning of toilets, increasing the cleaning	toilet areas		
		regime in place, including touch points, and removal of waste on	Supervising adult to remind pupils of safe distance and hand		
		a more regular basis	hygiene protocol		
		6 Resources have been increased for the additional supply of	Breakfast Club EYFS /KS1 pupils		
		cleaning products, supported with a cleaning schedule pack that	wash hands at KS 1 classrooms		
		details what is required, the supplier, when to reorder to prevent	The KS 2 pupils use the foyer bathroom		
		supplies not running out			
		7 Repeated communications and campaigns on this very	After school Club and Sports Club pupils continue to use bathrooms		
		important control measures	allocated to their class		
		8 COSHH risk assessment updated to ensure storage and use	Soap and sanitiser dispensers to		
		of chemicals are assessed with appropriate control measures,	be checked daily by classroom		
		this includes the strict assessment and control measures of	staff who inform PM of need for refills		
		hand sanitiser being used and located around the school, with			
		hand and soap preferred, but assessed to ensure the risk of	Hand washing posters at each		
		ingestion and skin concerns using hand sanitiser is assessed	sink throughout the school		
		9 Promoting the hand cleaning if touching your face			
		10 Reviewing the easiness of access to hand washing for pupils,	Touch points in toilets to be		
		staff, visitors	wiped at regular intervals ie after use by each class by supervising		
			adult		

		11 Change behaviour promotion of implementing this control measure, aware of the break of pupils and staff not being in the school for a while and they may not have been washing their hands at home, now the school is creating a 'behaviour change' of a very important control measure 12 For the younger children and for those children who may need support on this must be detailed here, and how you implement this 13 To clean your hands, you should wash your hands thoroughly for 20 seconds with running water and soap and dry them thoroughly, although hand soap and running water is much preferred in schools wherever possible this is supported under strict risk control measures with mobile hand sanitising stations, ensuring that all parts of the hands are covered.	Gloves and wipes to be stored in / at each toilet area Rotas for pupils entering and exiting premises to allow ease of access to hand washing facilities Hand sanitiser at main school entrances for visitors and use of accessible toilet in foyer for hand washing		
(3.Respiratory hygiene) Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19) Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	1 Training, awareness, communication planning to promote this vital control measure in place 2 Supported by signage 3 Educational resources used as ongoing 'change behaviour' and importance of 'catch it, bin it, kill it' 4 Assessment completed on resources required, including tissues/bins, waste supplies, and locations of increased tissue stations to ensure easy access to tissues throughout school 5 Washing of hands after use of tissues, coughing, sneezing 6 Supporting and assisting younger children and other pupils who may need assistance in understanding respiratory hygiene, or pupils with complex needs that cannot maintain respiratory hygiene should be detailed here 7 Awareness to staff who are anxious about the need for face coverings indoors, the current (09/07/2020) guidance is	Poster 'What to do if a pupil coughs' on staff noticeboard referenced at staff training Tissues in classrooms Swing lid bins in all rooms Lids of bins sanitised daily by cleaning staff Social stories for ASD pupils and child friendly posters provided for TAs and parents	All staff SENDCO	

		'Public Health England does not (based on current evidence) recommend the use of face coverings in schools. This evidence will be kept under review. They are not required in schools as pupils and staff are mixing in consistent groups, and because misuse may inadvertently increase the risk of transmission. There may also be negative effects on communication and thus education. Face coverings are required at all times on public transport (for children over the age of 11) or when attending a hospital as a visitor or outpatient.'	
(4.Cleaning regime) Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19) Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19 and there is poor cleaning standards	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	 1 Cleaning schedule in place that ensures cleaning is generally enhanced and includes: more frequent cleaning of rooms / shared areas that are used by different groups frequently touched surfaces being cleaned more often than normal detailed listing of areas being cleaned, by whom whether this is external resource or internal or mixture of both Areas that are shared between groups such as halls, canteens, corridors, toilets, need to be assessed and part of the enhanced cleaning regime 2 Different groups don't need to be allocated their own toilet blocks, but toilets will need to be cleaned regularly and pupils must be encouraged to clean their hands thoroughly after using the toilet 3 Outdoor playground equipment should be more frequently cleaned. This would also apply to resources used inside and outside by wraparound care providers. It is still recommended that pupils limit the amount of equipment they bring into school each day, to essentials such as lunch boxes, hats, coats, books, 	Note: PHE will publish new revised guidance for cleaning non-healthcare settings Current standards for cleaning; Covid-19-decontamination-in- non-healthcare-settings All shared surfaces to be cleaned in between sessions ie SEND rooms, music room and dining room by teacher/s responsible for groups SEND room surfaces and equipment to be cleaned after use by each teacher /teacher assistant SEND room surfaces cleared so cleaning staff can access all surfaces to complete deep clean Dining Room tables and seats to be cleaned after each use Each room to have checklist of times cleaned and by whom This will be monitored daily and filed weekly by PM

		etation and makile phones Demonstrate Demonstrate		DRAFE described for 1		
		stationery and mobile phones. Bags are allowed. Pupils and		PM to clean toilets after break and lunch times		
		teachers can take books and other shared resources home,		and failett times		
		although unnecessary sharing should be avoided, especially				
		where this does not contribute to pupil education and		Outdoor play equipment to be limited for each class and cleaned		
		development. Similar rules on hand cleaning, cleaning of the		by staff member from that group.		
		resources and rotation should apply to these resources.				
(5.Minimise contact	Employees,	1 School has completed a full assessment to minimise contacts		Staggered arrival and dismissal	PM	Sept 1st
social distancing)	agency, Pupils,	and mixing between people reduces transmission of coronavirus		times and use all 4 points of access to keep classes separated	SLT	
	visitors	(COVID-19). For children old enough, they should also be		access to keep classes separated	321	
Camanavimus		supported to maintain distance and not touch staff and their		DNA to modistain assist distancing	All staff take	
Coronavirus		peers where possible. This will not be possible for the youngest		signage around the school	responsibility for keeping	
(COVID-19) (CV19)		children and some children with complex needs and it is not			their rooms	
		feasible in some schools where space does not allow. Schools	One way system in place for each year group	clean and safe for pupils		
Someone entering the	Causing severe	doing this where they can, and even doing this some of the time,		Designated toilet areas allocated	Tor papils	
school/workplace/offices	infection/disease	will help. When staff or children cannot maintain distancing,		to each year group		
with CV19 coming close		particularly with younger children in primary schools, the risk can				
to others, poor social		also be reduced by keeping pupils in the smaller, class-sized		Teachers avoid groups mixing but	Chaff alasm	
distancing, mixing of		groups described above. Schools should make small		along corridors and stairways adults will be advised to keep a	Staff clean surfaces in	
groups, lack of infection		adaptations to the classroom to support distancing where		social distance and wear	staff areas	
control separation		possible. That should include seating pupils side by side and		facemask	after use	
		facing forwards, rather than face to face or side on, and might		Staff allocated to separate		
		include moving unnecessary furniture out of classrooms to make		staffroom areas for their Key Stages for break times to avoid		
		more space. Throughout this risk assessment is the awareness		mixing with other bubbles		
		of risk control knowing that maintaining a distance between				
		people whilst inside and reducing the amount of time they are		Teachers working in school during lockdown may opt to		
		face to face lowers the risk of transmission		teach remotely from class who		
		2 Having an implementation plan of how the pupils and staff will	, but and avoid period of home isolation so they can continue to			
		be grouped, and this will be monitored from September, but		and avoid period of home	MMS	
		staff within the school are permitted to operate across different		isolation so they can continue to access school for remote		
		classes and groups in order to facilitate the delivery of the		teaching purposes		
		oldocood and groups in order to idelitate the delivery of the		teaching purposes		

school timetable, particularly in secondary school. Distance			
should be kept where possible and when working with younger	All staff meetings to be held		
pupils, moving between groups should only be used where	virtually Where this is not possible and it		
necessary to deliver the full curriculum	is essential for staff to meet it		
	should be in well ventilated room		
3 The focus is that we must do everything possible to minimise	for less than 15 minutes and all staff seated 2m apart		
contacts and mixing while delivering a broad and balanced	·		
curriculum, consistent groups limit those in contact with each	Classrooms adapted to facilitate rows of pupils sitting side by side		
other and therefore limit the risk of transmission. Maintaining	facing forward, where pupils do		
these groups will also make it quicker and easier to identify	sit opposite each other 1+ m		
those who need to self-isolate if a case of Covid-19 arises within	distance is advised Staff to keep 2 m distance from		
the group.	each other and pupils and		
4 The overarching principle to apply is reducing the number of	parents and avoid close face to	SENDCO	
contacts between children and staff. This can be achieved	face contact		
through keeping groups separate (in 'bubbles') and through			
maintaining distance between individuals. These are not	Dining tables will be used in similar way so pupils do not sit		
alternative options and both measures will help, but the balance	opposite each other but in		
between them will change depending on:	triangle formation		
•children's ability to distance	Where pupils do sit opposite each other they will be		
•the lay out of the school	encouraged not to sing / talk loudly		
•the feasibility of keeping distinct groups separate while offering	,		
a broad curriculum (especially at secondary)	Nursery / Reception, Y 1/2, Y3/4 and Y5/6 to have lunch in hall on		
5 It is likely that for younger children the emphasis will be on	rota basis with tables distanced		
separating groups, and for older children it will be on distancing.	apart, pupils enter and exit separately		
For children old enough, they should also be supported to	, ,		
maintain distance and not touch staff where possible.	SEND pupils have social stories to explain social distancing, masks,		
6 Measures within the classroom	one way systems, hand washing.		
Reducing face to face contact	Staff will follow guidance on	Teachers and	
Secondary schools that staff stay at the front of the class	supporting ASD pupil with limited	TAs to	
and away from colleagues. 2 metres should be maintained	understanding of Covid 19 measures.	supervise	

where possible, whilst ensuring all pupils, including those	Risk Assessment completed and
with complex needs, continue to receive the best education	sent to SEND Depts at TH/CoL
possible whilst reducing risk.	One way system established for
Children encouraged to maintain distance and not touch	each year group
staff or peers.	Designated toilet areas allocated to each year group
Smaller groups can help reduce risks.	
Where possible, classrooms should be adapted by	Poor ventilated rooms identified as out of bounds for teaching
removing excess furniture and seating pupils side by side	small groups
rather than face to face or side-on.	
7 Measures outside the classroom	Each pupil in Y 1-6 will be provided with personal pack of
	essential resources
Groups will kept apart from each other, avoiding large	Books returned from home must
gatherings such as assemblies and collective worship.	be placed in home/school book box and returned to shelves after
Timetabling to allow groups to be kept separate and	72 hrs
minimise movement around the site	
Staggered breaks and lunchtimes, giving time for cleaning	Class bubbles and staff allocated
between groups	to each bubble. SEND staff
Shared staff spaces to help to distance, ensuring staff have	allocated specific rooms
a reasonable break	N/R, Y1/2, Y3/4, Y5/6 Double
8. Arriving and leaving school	Bubble system for dining room, playground access and
Where travel patterns allow, schools will consider staggered	afterschool sport activity
start and finish times to keep groups apart (This should not	
reduce overall teaching time)	Google classrooms used for assemblies to avoid large
	gatherings
Condensing/staggering free periods and break times	
Starting or finishing earlier or later to avoid busy times	Pupils will use separate gates at
Communicating changes to parents so they understand	separate times to avoid classes
drop off and collection processes and visiting the site with or	mixing
without an appointment.	Y5/6 will use the KS 2 gate only
The safe removal of face coverings for pupils and staff (Not	when attending afterschool
touching their face, washing hands immediately, disposal of	sports activities to avoid mixing with after school club pupils /
	parents

	temporary coverings in a covered bin or plastic back for		
	reusable PPE, washing hands again.) at the entrance of the		
	school as face covering are not required at this present time		
9	9. Pupils with SEND or EHCP will need specific help for the		
r	routine changes and new processes, plans need to be in place		
	(For example, social stories and educational resources)		
1	10. Supply/peripatetic teachers and other temporary staff can		
n	move between schools but should ensure distancing is		
n	maintained where possible.		
	11. Specialists, therapists, clinicians and other support staff	Morning Break and lunch times	
	should provide interventions as usual, following safety guidelines	to be staggered Social distance signage around	
	where possible.	school and along perimeter fence	
	12. Management of other visitors to site such as contractors		
	should be considered as part of this risk assessment and	Music lessons in music room will	
	explained to visitors on arrival. They must be recorded and	adhere to the THAMES Risk Assessment provided following	
	should be kept outside of school hours where possible.	consultation with staff only half	
	13. Where a child routinely attends more than one setting on a	of each class will attend lessons on rota basis while other half	
	part-time basis, a system of controls to address any risks	watch online music lesson in	
	identified and allowing them to jointly deliver a broad and	class supervised by teacher assistant	
	balanced curriculum for the child.		
	14. During the summer term, the use of equipment was	Chess / PE / Spanish Risk Assessments will be adhered to	
	minimised, and there was significant extra cleaning. This has	when provided to ensure speedy	
	now changed because the prevalence of coronavirus (COVID-	return to provision of the full	
	19) has decreased. For essential equipment, such as pencils	curriculum for all classes	
	and pens, it is recommended that staff and pupils have their own	Visors / Visor Screens to be	
	items that are not shared. Classroom-based resources, such as	provided if required for staff	
	books and games, can be used and shared within the bubble;	Peripatetic staff will be advised of	
	these should be cleaned regularly, along with all frequently	location of hand hygiene and cleaning materials in each	
	touched surfaces. Resources that are shared between classes	classroom	
	or bubbles, such as sports, art and science equipment should be		

cleaned frequently and meticulously and always between	Specialist support staff allocated
bubbles or rotated to allow them to be left unused and out of	to room in Gdn Hse and
reach for a period of 48 hours (72 hours for plastics) between	timetable points of entry and exit
	to avoid crossing bubbles
use by different bubbles	Class teachers and assistants to
Note – In secondary schools, and certainly in the older age	ensure shared equipment is
groups at key stage 4 and key stage 5, the groups are likely to	cleaned after use and equipment cleaned regularly
need to be the size of a year group to enable schools to deliver	ciculted regularly
the full range of curriculum subjects and students to receive	
specialist teaching. If this can be achieved with small groups,	Resources shared between classes to be cleaned after use by
they are recommended. At primary school, and in the younger	each class / or set aside and not
years at secondary (key stage 3), schools may be able to	handled for at least 72 hrs
implement smaller groups the size of a full class. If that can be	
achieved, it is recommended, as this will help to reduce the	
number of people who could be asked to isolate should	
someone in a group become ill with coronavirus (COVID-19).	
Note - Schools should assess their circumstances and if class-	
sized groups are not compatible with offering a full range of	
subjects or managing the practical logistics within and around	
school, they can look to implement year group sized 'bubbles'.	
Whatever the size of the group, they should be kept apart from	
other groups where possible and older children should be	
encouraged to keep their distance within groups. Schools with	
the capability to do it should take steps to limit interaction,	
sharing of rooms and social spaces between groups as much as	
possible. When using larger groups the other measures from the	
system of controls become even more important, to minimise	
transmission risks and to minimise the numbers of pupils and	
staff who may need to self-isolate. We recognise that younger	
children will not be able to maintain social distancing, and it is	
acceptable for them not to distance within their group.	

		Note - Both the approaches of separating groups and		
		maintaining distance are not 'all-or-nothing' options, and will still		
		bring benefits even if implemented partially. Some schools may		
		keep children in their class groups for the majority of the		
		classroom time, but also allow mixing into wider groups for		
		specialist teaching, wraparound care and transport, or for		
		boarding pupils in one group residentially and another during the		
		school day. Siblings may also be in different groups.		
		Endeavouring to keep these groups at least partially separate		
		and minimising contacts between children will still offer public		
		health benefits as it reduces the network of possible direct		
		transmission.		
		Note - All teachers and other staff can operate across different		
		classes and year groups in order to facilitate the delivery of the		
		school timetable. This will be particularly important for secondary		
		schools. Where staff need to move between classes and year		
		groups, they should try and keep their distance from pupils and		
		other staff as much as they can, ideally 2 metres from other		
		adults. Again, we recognise this is not likely to be possible with		
		younger children and teachers in primary schools can still work		
		across groups if that is needed to enable a full educational offer.		
(6.PPE)	Employees,	1 The majority of staff in education settings will not require PPE	PPE grab and go bag provided in	
(· · · · <u>-</u> /	agency, Pupils,	beyond what they would normally need for their work. PPE is	each class for use in emergency	
	visitors	only needed in a very small number of cases, including:	Staff in each class maintain stock	
Coronavirus			of PPE and advise PM when	
(COVID-19) (CV19)	Causing	 where an individual child or young person becomes ill with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms while at 	supplies need replaced	
	Causing severe	schools, and only then if a distance of 2 metres cannot		
Someone entering the	infection/disease	be maintained		
school/workplace/offices		<u>pe mainaineu</u>		
with CV19				

		where a child or young person already has routine		
		intimate care needs that involves the use of PPE, in		
		which case the same PPE should continue to be used		
		Read the guidance on safe working in education, childcare and		
		children's social care for more information about preventing and		
		controlling infection, including when, how PPE should be used,		
		what type of PPE to use, and how to source it.		
(7.Test and trace)	Employees,	1 Schools must ensure they understand the NHS Test and		
	agency, Pupils,	Trace process and how to contact their local Public Health	Adhere to guidance provided	
Coronavirus	visitors	England health protection team. Schools must ensure that staff	January 2021	
	Causing severe	members and parents/carers understand that they will need to		
(COVID-19) (CV19)	infection/disease	be ready and willing to:	Regular update to parents in	
Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19		 book a test if they are displaying symptoms. Staff and pupils must not come into the school if they have symptoms, and must be sent home to self-isolate if they develop them in school. All children can be tested, including children under 5, but children aged 11 and under will need to be helped by their parents/carers if using a home testing kit provide details of anyone they have been in close contact with if they were to test positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) or if asked by NHS Test and Trace self-isolate if they have been in close contact with someone who develops coronavirus (COVID-19) 	newsletter and Covid section on website re NHS guidance on covid related matters Staff room / office notice boards updated with NHS/PHE guidance Provide test kits to staff and pupils as appropriate Admin staff keep record of staff test results Teachers keep daily register which can be accessed to identify close contacts	
		symptoms or someone who tests positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) 2 Anyone who displays symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19)		
		can and should get a test. Tests can be booked online through		
		the NHS testing and tracing for coronavirus website, or ordered		

by telephone via NHS 119 for those without access to the internet. Essential workers, which includes anyone involved in education or childcare, have priority access to testing. 3 Schools should ask parents and staff to inform them immediately of the results of a test: • if someone tests negative, if they feel well and no longer have symptoms similar to coronavirus (COVID-19), they can stop self-isolating. They could still have another virus, such as a cold or flu – in which case it is still best to avoid contact with other people until they are better. Other members of their household can stop	
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are better. Other members of their household can stop	
self-isolating.	
if someone tests positive, they should follow the 'stay at'	
home: guidance for households with possible or	
confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection' and must	
continue to self-isolate for at least 7 days from the	
onset of their symptoms and then return to school only	
if they do not have symptoms other than cough or loss	
of sense of smell/taste. This is because a cough or	
anosmia can last for several weeks once the infection	
has gone. The 7-day period starts from the day when	
they first became ill. If they still have a high	
temperature, they should keep self-isolating until their	
temperature returns to normal. Other members of their	
household should continue self-isolating for the full 14	
days.	
(8.Confirmed cases) Employees, 1 Schools must take swift action when they become aware that Adhere to guidance provided Admin	
agency, Pupils, someone who has attended has tested positive for coronavirus January 2021 Close Contacts informed if they; contact health	
visitors (COVID-19) Schools should contact the local health protection • have had face to face protection	
Coronavirus contact with infected team in	f more

(COVID-19) (CV19)		team. This team will also contact schools directly if they become	person for any length	than two	
	Causing severe	aware that someone who has tested positive for coronavirus	of time within 1m	positive test results	
Compone onto in a thin	infection/disease	(COVID-19) attended the school – as identified by NHS Test and	including being coughed on, a face to	results	
Someone entering the	in contracted	Trace.	face conversation or	If lateral flow	
school/workplace/offices			unprotected physical	test positive a	
with CV19		2 Based on the advice from the health protection team, schools	contact -skin on skin.	further PCR	
		must send home those people who have been in close contact	 Extended close contact (within 1 – 2 metres for 	test must be taken to	
		with the person who has tested positive, advising them to self-	more than 15 min with	confirm	
		isolate for 10 days since they were last in close contact with that	an infected person		
		person when they were infectious. Close contact means:	 Travelled in small vehicle such as a car 	0800 0468687	
		direct close contacts - face to face contact with an	with an infected		
		infected individual for any length of time, within 1 metre,	person		
		including being coughed on, a face to face			
		conversation, or unprotected physical contact (skin-to-	Provide letter for parents re		
		skin)	dates their children need to isolate and advice to get tested if		
		,	showing symptoms -high		
		proximity contacts - extended close contact (within 1 to	temperature, persistent cough or		
		2 metres for more than 15 minutes) with an infected	loss of taste or smell		
		individual	Teachers will provide pupil / s		
		travelling in a small vehicle, like a car, with an infected	who have to isolate with remote		
			learning materials electronically		
		person	or by post		
		3 Household members of those contacts who are sent home do	Keep record of all contacts with		
		not need to self-isolate themselves unless the child, young	peripatetic teachers for track and		
		person or staff member who is self-isolating subsequently	trace purpose		
		develops symptoms. If someone in a class or group that has			
		been asked to self-isolate develops symptoms themselves within	Keep record of all related		
		their 14-day isolation period they should follow 'stay at home:	absences and monitor length of		
		guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus	absence and due return date for self isolating pupils		
		(COVID-19) infection'. They should get a test, and:	6 P.P.		
		if the test delivers a negative result, they must remain			
		in isolation for the remainder of the 14-day isolation			
		in location for the formalities of the 14 day location			

		period. This is because they could still develop the		
		coronavirus (COVID-19) within the remaining days.		
		if the test result is positive, they should inform their		
		setting immediately, and must isolate for at least 7 days		
		from the onset of their symptoms (which could mean		
		the self-isolation ends before or after the original 14-		
		day isolation period). Their household should self-		
		isolate for at least 14 days from when the symptomatic		
		person first had symptoms, following 'stay at home:		
		guidance for households with possible or confirmed		
		coronavirus (COVID-19) infection		
		4 Schools should not request evidence of negative test results or		
		other medical evidence before admitting children or welcoming		
		them back after a period of self-isolation.		
		Further guidance is available on testing and tracing for		
		coronavirus (COVID-19).		
(9.Outbreak)	Employees,	1 If schools have two or more confirmed cases within 14 days,	Adhere to guidance provided	
	agency, Pupils,	or an overall rise in sickness absence where coronavirus	January 2021	
Coronavirus	visitors	(COVID-19) is suspected, they may have an outbreak, and <u>must</u>		
(COVID-19) (CV19)		continue to work with their local health protection team who will		
(001)2 10) (0110)	Causing severe	be able to advise if additional action is required.	Deep clean classrooms and	
	infection/disease	In some cases, health protection teams may recommend that a	contact areas	
Someone entering the		larger number of other pupils self-isolate at home as a		
school/workplace/offices		precautionary measure – perhaps the whole site or year group.		
with CV19		2 If schools are implementing controls from this list, addressing		
		the risks they have identified and therefore reducing		
		transmission risks, whole school closure based on cases within		
		the school will not generally be necessary, and should not be		
		considered except on the advice of health protection teams.		
		the school will not generally be necessary, and should not be		

		3 In consultation with the local Director of Public Health, where an outbreak in a school is confirmed, a mobile testing unit may be dispatched to test others who may have been in contact with the person who has tested positive. Testing will first focus on the person's class, followed by their year group, then the whole school if necessary, in line with routine public health outbreak control practice.		
(10.Educational Visits) Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19) with CV19	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	In the autumn term, schools can resume non-overnight domestic educational visits. This should be done in line with protective measures, such as keeping children within their consistent group, and the coronavirus (COVID-19) secure measures in place at the destination. Schools should also make use of outdoor spaces in the local area to support the delivery of the curriculum	Teachers will not use public transport for education visits	
(11.Individual) Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19) Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19	Employees, agency Causing severe infection/disease	1 Following the reduction in the prevalence of coronavirus (COVID-19) and relaxation of shielding measures from 1 August, it is expected that most staff will attend school. It remains the case that wider government policy advises those who can work from home to do so. The DFE recognise this will not be applicable to most school staff, but where a role may be conducive to home working, for example some administrative roles, school leaders should consider what is feasible and appropriate. 2 Schools may need to alter the way in which they deploy their staff, and use existing staff more flexibly to welcome back all pupils at the start of the autumn term. Schools can continue to engage supply teachers and other supply staff during this period.	Individual risk assessments for vulnerable staff completed	

3 Individual risk assessments should be completed for school		
staff with any vulnerable conditions, in line with current		
government guidance		
Staff who are clinically vulnerable or extremely clinically		
vulnerable		
Where schools apply the full measures in the DFE guidance the		
risks to all staff will be mitigated significantly, including those		
who are extremely clinically vulnerable and clinically vulnerable.		
We expect this will allow most staff to return to the workplace,		
although we advise those in the most at risk categories to take		
particular care while community transmission rates continue to		
fall.		
Advice for those who are clinically-vulnerable, including		
pregnant women, is available.		
Individuals who were considered to be clinically extremely		
vulnerable and received a letter advising them to shield are now		
advised that they can return to work from 1 August as long as		
they maintain social distancing. Advice for those who are		
extremely clinically vulnerable can be found in the guidance on		
shielding and protecting people who are clinically extremely		
vulnerable from COVID-19.		
School leaders should be flexible in how those members of staff		
are deployed to enable them to work remotely where possible or		
in roles in school where it is possible to maintain social		
distancing.		
People who live with those who are clinically extremely		
vulnerable or clinically vulnerable can attend the workplace.		
Staff who are pregnant		

		As a remark university to the control of the contro		
		As a general principle, pregnant women are in the 'clinically		
		vulnerable' category and are advised to follow the relevant		
		guidance available for <u>clinically-vulnerable people</u> .		
		Staff who may otherwise be at increased risk from		
		coronavirus (COVID-19)		
		Some people with particular characteristics may be at		
		comparatively increased risk from coronavirus (COVID-19), as		
		set out in the COVID-19: review of disparities in risks and		
		outcomes report. The reasons are complex and there is ongoing		
		research to understand and translate these findings for		
		individuals in the future. If people with significant risk factors are		
		concerned, the school leadership will complete an individual risk		
		assessment		
(12.Physical Education)	Employees,	1 Schools have the flexibility to decide how physical education,	Updated PHE guidance will be	
	agency, Pupils,	sport and physical activity will be provided whilst following the	adhered to as appropriate	
Coronavirus	visitors	measures in their system of controls.	Fit for Sport Risk Assessment will	
		2 Pupils should be kept in consistent groups, sports equipment	be adhered to. PE lessons will be held outdoors	
(COVID-19) (CV19)	Causing severe	thoroughly cleaned between each use by different individual	where possible	
	infection/disease	groups, and contact sports avoided.	All adults will give regular	
Someone entering the		3 Outdoor sports should be prioritised where possible, and large	reminders to pupils about social	
school/workplace/offices		indoor spaces used where it is not, maximising distancing	distance and avoid physical contact especially to those older	
with CV19		between pupils and paying scrupulous attention to cleaning and	pupils	
		hygiene		
		This is particularly important in a sports setting because of the	If hall is used the equipment will	
		way in which people breathe during exercise. External facilities	be cleaned and pupils in small	
		can also be used in line with government guidance for the use	groups spread around the equipment	
		of, and travel to and from, those facilities.		
		Schools should refer to the following advice:	Contact sports will be avoided	
		controls should refer to the following advice.	Equipment will be cleaned after	
			use by TA	

		 guidance on the phased return of sport and recreation and guidance from Sport England for grassroot sport advice from organisations such as the Association for Physical Education and the Youth Sport Trust 4 Schools are able to work with external coaches, clubs and organisations for curricular and extra-curricular activities where they are satisfied that this is safe to do so. 5 Schools should consider carefully how such arrangements can operate within their wider protective measures. 6 Activities such as active miles, making break times and lessons active and encouraging active travel help enable pupils to be physically active while encouraging physical distancing. 	Sports coaches to follow school protocol for sports activities All staff to encourage playground activities during playtime and lunchtime that encourage physical activities that develop skills and stamina Daily Mile activities to be established Playground areas allocated to each class		
(13.Pupil Wellbeing) Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19) Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	Schools should consider the provision of pastoral and extracurricular activities to all pupils designed to: •support the rebuilding of friendships and social engagement •address and equip pupils to respond to issues linked to coronavirus (COVID-19) •support pupils with approaches to improving their physical and mental wellbeing 2 Schools to ensure the promotion of awareness of the virus suitable for the age group, with the repeated gentle reminders of control measures	Staff urged to be vigilant to pupils emotional and mental wellbeing through their interactions with parents, adults and peers during periods of school closure and on their return to school Online remote learning should enable pupils to see and interact with each other and teachers while at home with parents or in school with key worker group. Teachers, teaching assistants and send support staff will interact with their groups through remote learning platform and by telephone	НТ	

			Pupils return to school to spend time with their teacher who will welcome them back, help them settle and re-establish routines Teachers to provide wellbeing activities for pupils to support their pastoral needs Breakfast and After School club to resume when school reopens Risk Assessment to include that pupils will sit at tables designated to their particular class, hand hygiene will be identified for arrivals to breakfast club and after school club pupils to use their designated toilet areas. Mobility will be limited to ensure social distance between the Year groups. After School Club will finish at 4.30 to allow for deep clean of hall furniture at end of each day. After school sport activities will be offered on a termly rota basis for pupils in Years 1-6 when allowed		
(14.Staff wellbeing) Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19)	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	1 Change management and information sharing is vital 2 Support for staff wellbeing as some staff may be particularly anxious about returning to school. The Department for Education is providing additional support for both pupil and staff wellbeing in the current situation. Information about the extra mental health support for pupils and teachers is available.	Parish priest will support staff in mindfulness and wellbeing activities during September Inset Staff trained as Mental Health First Aiders who can advise and support colleagues	SLT	

Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19		The Education Support Partnership provides a free helpline for school staff and targeted support for mental health and wellbeing	Staff will be provided with additional PPA time to manage Google Classroom preparation Training from IT technician and lead TA staff to support staff in using Google Suite Regular reminders of precautions to take to avoid Covid spread. Regular information updates from DFE and PHE guidance will be posted on staff room notice board as appropriate	
(15. Behaviour change/support) Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19) Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	1 Assessment and implementation of 'change management' for behaviour, recognising that the school's control measures for the virus is actually all based on human behaviour to manage, i.e. washing hands, respiratory health, cleaning, staying at home when have symptoms, staying at a distance, all of which requires training, support, guidance, correction, monitoring	Behaviour Policy and child friendly version Social stories attached to behaviour policy for SEND Staff code of conduct shared with all	SLT
(16. Ventilation) Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19)	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	Keep ventilation systems maintained regularly and adjusting systems where necessary Premises maintain/monitor ventilation systems Premises to check service and or adjustments required, so that they do not automatically reduce ventilation levels due to lower than normal occupancy	All rooms must be kept ventilated through opening doors and windows. During cold spells doors or lower windows may be closed for short periods -not both, and reopened during break and lunch times for increased ventilation	PM

Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19		4 Opening windows and doors frequently to encourage ventilation where possible 5 Keep the systems operating continuously, i.e. not shutting down at weekends	In winter open higher windows to avoid drafts from lower windows Each class to have thermometer to monitor temperature PM to assess all rooms used and advise and monitor appropriate ventilation Doors through school to be kept wedged open for ventilation and to avoid touching door handles Designated first aider in each Key	СР	
Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19) Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	1 There are no additional PPE requirements because of coronavirus (COVID-19) for first aid, or for non-symptomatic children who present behaviours which may increase the risk of droplet transmission or who require care that cannot be provided without close hands-on contact 2 It is accepted that 2m social distancing cannot be maintained during the delivery of first aid, but physical contact should be kept to a minimum e.g. pupils apply cold pack, wipe, plaster where able to do so. 3 First aid rooms can be very busy and are often small rooms. Schools should make arrangement for only one person being treated in the first aid room at a time and allocate another room / area as a waiting/collection area. 4 If daily medication is administered from 1st aid rooms then consider if this needs relocating to reduce demand on space	Stage is briefed on first aid procedures for PPE First Aiders also briefed on attending to minor accidents ie keep distance and pupils apply treatment in open areas Asthma and Epi pen equipment kept in pupils' bags in their classrooms. Other medication kept in First Aid fridge and administered according to LBTH Administering Medication in Schools guidance	СР	
(18 Staff room/kitchens) Kitchen staff	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors	1 Social distancing in place with signage 2 Zip taps/Kettles to be cleaned	All staff to practise hand hygiene and social distancing Nursery, Medical room and Garden House available as	All staff	

Coronavirus		3 Staff reminded with signage next to Zip taps NOT to allow their	additional staffroom facility		
		cups to touch the Zip tap	during school closure periods		
(COVID-19) (CV19)	Causing severe				
	infection/disease	4 Staff behaviour staying alert to others around them and	Medical room and Garden House available as additional staffroom		
Someone entering the		keeping to the 2 metre rule as a minimum wherever possible	facility during school opening		
school/workplace/offices		5 Staff to wash their hands before / after eating for at least 20	periods		
with CV19		seconds			
		6 Staff to dispose of their food waste into the bins provided, and	Staff rooms only available for 4		
		clean their cutlery and put away	staff at one time who share the same bubbles ie Admin / EYFS /		
		7 Staff not to share cups and cutlery	KS 1 / Y3 -4 / Y 5 - 6		
		8 Staff to be encourage to go outside during breaks	Rota for using staff rooms to limit		
			access and keep social distance		
		9 These areas to have an increased cleaning regime in place			
		managed and monitored	Staff to wipe surfaces after use in preparation for next group of		
			staff		
			No shared platters of food allowed		
(19. Kitchens)	Employees,	1 kitchen's will be fully open from the start of the autumn term		MMS	
Main kitchen	agency, Pupils,	and normal legal requirements will apply about provision of food	Hand hygiene routines at lunchtimes		
Coronavirus	visitors	to all pupils who want it, including for those eligible for benefits-			
(COVID-19) (CV19)		related free school meals or universal infant free school meals.	Pupils dining tables used as pupils sit in triangle formation		
(60410-19) (6419)	Causing severe	School kitchens can continue to operate, but must comply with	where possible		
	infection/disease	the guidance for food businesses on coronavirus (COVID-19).	Tables separated to keep each		
Someone entering the		2 Ensure social distancing is in place for the kitchen and kitchen	class group separated		
school/workplace/offices		staff wherever possible, and ask to review the contract kitchen	Staggered lunch times		
with CV19		Covid-19 risk assessment, as significant changes due to the full			
		opening of the school	MMS must wear a mask in dining room and in playground		
		4 Social distancing at the servery which is managed and			
		monitored	MMS allocated to specific dining		
			time and class groups		

		5 If the social distancing cannot be managed in this area a review of shielding/sneeze screens to be considered to protect the kitchen staff serving 6 Staff and pupils to be encouraged to wash their hands before / after eating for at least 20 seconds and frequently during the day 7Communication with contract company/service re covid-19 sickness procedures in place to ensure that the school to be informed of any covid-19 related staff/agency sickness, without delay, including BC plan if the whole kitchen crew have to self-isolate, re Test and Trace planning			
(20.Water fountains) Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19) Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	Switch the water fountains off and provide water via bottles, or having the pupils use their own personal bottle Having a designated area for pupils to store or/have access to water If have water coolers provide disposable cups	Fountains will be turned off Pupils will be required to bring water bottles to school and keep at their area to reduce close contact risk Staff will refill water bottles if required	PM TA s	
(21.Swimming pools) swimming Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19) Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	1 Follow current Government guidance (this will be changing with new guidance expected) and update risk assessment before opening 2 Ensure the pool equipment receives the required maintenance, and recommissioning required in preparing to open 3 Assess the changing rooms and pool area for social distancing, to ensure a restriction of numbers, limits are decided before re-opening, this will include pool side and all areas of pool, changing rooms	St Georges Pool has closed, swimming postponed until teachers and parents agree to travel on public transport to attend baths further from school		

(22 huilding/astata)	Employees	4 Review the area for touch points, shared equipment, commonly used equipment, that may have to have an increased cleaning regime, and/or removal of some equipment 5 Ancillary equipment such as hoists, plant room equipment, will require an assessment review of compliance re service/maintenance schedules 6 Health and safety inspection of all areas in preparation for opening 7 Cleaning to be completed as part of the recovery stage planning	Hand sanitiser stations around	PM	
Building preparedness/Statutory compliance Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19) Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	1 Following a risk assessment, some schools may determine that small adaptations to their site are required, such as additional wash basins. This will be at the discretion of individual schools, based on their particular circumstances. 2 It is important that, prior to reopening for the autumn term, all the usual pre-term building checks are undertaken to make the school safe. If buildings have been closed or had reduced occupancy during the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak, water system stagnation can occur due to lack of use, increasing the risks of Legionnaires' disease. Advice on this can be found in the guidance on Legionella risks during the coronavirus outbreak. 3 Additional advice on safely reoccupying buildings can be found in the Chartered Institute of Building Services Engineers' guidance on emerging from lockdown. 4 Once the school is in operation, it is important to ensure good ventilation. Advice on this can be found in Health and Safety Executive guidance on air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak.	school where sink access is limited PM to ensure Water Risk Assessments are completed before reopening of school		

		5 In classrooms, it will be important that schools improve			
		ventilation (for example, by opening windows).			
		6 Statutory compliance completed and up to date			
(23.Contractor/visitor)	Employees,	1 Only necessary contractors to be allowed on site, and	All visitors met at foyer and only	Admin	
Contractors/Visitors/	agency, Pupils,	approved/authorised by managers	deliveries and contractors enter		
Contractors/ visitors/	visitors		site following hand hygiene access on entry and must wear a		
Parents	, violitere	2 Agency staff and contractors to be inducted to the normal health and safety induction processes, including the current	mask and provide contact details		
Coronavirus		COVID-19 risk assessments and social distancing requirement,	for contact tracing		
(COVID-19) (CV19)	Causing severe	and promotion of hand cleaning and hygiene	Poster Prompt sheet at the door		
	infection/disease		advising visitors not to enter if displaying signs of covid.		
Someone entering the		3 Pre-communicated to ensure a health check question-set is			
school/workplace/offices		asked regarding any symptoms of COVID-19, and information	Parents advised to stay off site and visit only if essential with		
with CV19		given to them before they get to site on the social distancing and	prearranged brief appointment		
		COVID-19 management standards in place	to be held in a well ventilated		
		4 Normal risk assessment, method statements review,	room , socially distanced and wearing mask		
		considering your own COVID-19 risk assessment to review if the			
		works will compromise social distancing for others, such as			
		increasing of numbers of people by contractors working in staff			
		areas breaking the social distancing requirements			
		5 Normal management and monitoring of contractor works,			
		wellbeing on site			
		6 School to assess to keep the parents off site and reduce the			
		concerns of gatherings, this is a school based review/plan,			
		supported by regular communication			
(24.Change	Employees,	1 Providing clear consistent and regular communication to	Email all guidance to all staff	Admin HT	
management)	agency, Pupils,	improve understanding for all staff throughout the pandemic	Post all guidance on school		
	visitors	2 Providing early information instruction before any changes to	website		
Coronavirus		working practices			
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(COVID-19) (CV19) Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19	Causing severe infection/disease	3 Keeping all risk assessments/changes in risk updated as government guidance seems to be updating daily, weekly 4 Full guidance to staff on changes to work environment and procedures in advance of any physical changes 5 Increased staff communication to raise awareness of potential risks; directing staff to Government, NHS, PHE and local Council guidelines and resources: NHS guidance, how to wash your hands video (20 second rule) NHS advice on CV19; risks, symptoms, how CV19 is spread, how to avoid catching or spreading germs School intranet page; communication on local newsletters Information posters displayed at key points and throughout premises Hygiene requirements (handwashing etc.) and practise of social distancing (2 metres) Follow signage of egress and access to premises Government/LA guidance on trace and track measures and clear guidance to managers and staff on actions required and support available	Newsletters at regular intervals make references to new guidance Regular updates in staff areas		
(25.Stress and anxiety) Stress and anxiety concerning returning to work Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19)	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	1 Managers to identify staff with stress or anxiety and complete a follow up stress risk assessment 2 For staff who have returned into work whether to be communicated with by sharing risk assessments and control measures for covid-19 controls 3 Ongoing clear communication between individuals / teams /homeworkers and Managers is clear: • Agreed work activities	Risk assessment for staff who have anxiety concerns Provide support for staff via DfE, LBTH or NHS Provide supervision to staff Engage with parents to advise on how they and their children are feeling about return to school and / or home schooling remote	HT SLT LM	27

Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19		Scheduled calls / contact time Access to resources e.g. Employee Assistance Programme (EAP) Wellbeing and Health on HR website (includes stress risk assessment) 4 Review of pupils that present stress and anxiety due to the covid-19 fears 5 Pupils and families who are anxious about return to school All other pupils must attend school. This may include pupils who have themselves been shielding previously but have been advised that this is no longer necessary, those living in households where someone is clinically vulnerable, or those concerned about the comparatively increased risk from coronavirus (COVID-19), including those from Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic (BAME) backgrounds or who have certain conditions such as obesity and diabetes. If parents of pupils with significant risk factors are concerned, we will discuss their concerns and provide reassurance of the measures they are putting in place to reduce the risk in school. We will be clear with parents that pupils of compulsory school age must be in school unless a statutory reason applies (for example, the pupil has been granted a leave of absence, is unable to attend because of sickness, is absent for a necessary religious observance etc).	learning and /or key worker attendance Staff to monitor pupils attendance at remote learning and online visible presence and report any concerns to DSL Staff to contact pupils who fail to engage and offer support via electronic device or paper copies of work Provide a programme of Emotional Wellbeing for pupils in 2020 -2021 and access to Learning Mentor and staff with training in bereavement and loss.	
(26.Transport) Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19)	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors	1 Social distancing has significantly reduced available transport capacity. The new DFE guidance sets out a new framework for supporting transport to and from schools from the autumn term. They have made a distinction between dedicated school transport and wider public transport:	Advise that staff who use public transport wear masks and use hand sanitiser on entry and egress	

	Causing severe	by <u>dedicated school transport</u> , they mean services
Someone entering the	infection/disease	that are used only to carry pupils to school. This
school/workplace/offices		includes statutory home to school transport, but may
with CV19		also include some existing or new commercial travel
		routes, where they carry school pupils only
		by <u>public transport services</u> , they mean routes which
		are also used by the general public
		Dedicated school transport, including statutory provision
		Pupils on dedicated school services do not mix with the general
		public on those journeys and tend to be consistent. This means
		that the advice for passengers on public transport to adopt a
		social distance of two metres from people outside their
		household or support bubble, or a 'one metre plus' approach
		where this is not possible, will not apply from the autumn
		term on dedicated transport.
		It is important to consider:
		how pupils are grouped together on transport, where
		possible this should reflect the bubbles that are
		adopted within school
		use of hand sanitiser upon boarding and/or
		disembarking, and how this is supervised and managed
		additional cleaning of vehicles
		organised queuing and boarding where possible
		distancing within vehicles wherever possible
		the use of face coverings for children over the age of
		11, where appropriate, for example, if they are likely to
		come into very close contact with people outside of
		their group or who they do not normally meet

Dedicated school services can take different forms. Some		
journeys involve coaches regularly picking up the same pupils		
each day, others involve use of a minibus whilst other services		
are used by different pupils on different days, or by pupils with		
SEND. The precise approach taken will need to reflect the range		
of measures that are reasonable in the different circumstances.		
It will also require a partnership approach between local		
authorities, schools, trusts, dioceses and others. In particular, it		
is imperative that schools work closely with local authorities that		
have statutory responsibility for 'home to school transport' for		
many children, as well as a vital role in working with local		
transport providers to ensure sufficient bus service provision.		
DfE will shortly publish new guidance to local authorities on		
providing dedicated school transport, based on the framework		
outlined here.		
Given the pressures on public transport services it may also be		
necessary to work with local authorities so that they can identify		
where it might be necessary to provide additional dedicated		
school transport services, including in places where these		
services do not currently operate. The government is currently		
evaluating this position and will set out next steps shortly.		
Wider public transport		
In many areas, pupils normally make extensive use of the wider		
public transport system, particularly public buses. We expect		
that public transport capacity will continue to be constrained in		
the autumn term. Its use by pupils, particularly in peak times,		
should be kept to an absolute minimum.		
To facilitate the return of all pupils to school, it will be necessary		
to take steps to both depress the demand for public transport		
and to increase capacity within the system. Both will require		

		action of a national and level to 1 O 1 O 1 O 1	 		
		action at a national and local level. Schools have a critical role to			
		play in supporting collaboration between all parties - providers,			
		local authorities, parents and pupils.			
		Schools should work with partners to consider staggered			
		start times to enable more journeys to take place outside of			
		peak hours. We recognise that this option will be more feasible			
		in some circumstances than others.			
		Schools should encourage parents, staff and pupils to walk			
		or cycle to school if at all possible. Schools may want to			
		consider using 'walking buses' (a supervised group of children			
		being walked to, or from, school), or working with their local			
		authority to promote safe cycling routes.			
			NAC SHIELD AND STATE OF THE STA		
(27.Pupils shielding)	Employees,	1 The majority of pupils will be able to return to school, but we	We will follow NHS guidance and advice from parents	Admin	
	agency, Pupils,	note that:	advice from parents		
Pupils shielding	visitors	a small number of pupils will still be unable to attend in	Provide remote learning for pupils unable to attend school	Class teachers	
Self-isolating		line with public health advice because they are self-	due to shielding or 10 / 14 day		
Con lociding	Causing severe	isolating and have had symptoms or a positive test	quarantine		
	infection/disease	result themselves; or because they are a close contact			
Coronavirus		of someone who has coronavirus (COVID-19)			
(COVID-19) (CV19)		shielding advice for all adults and children will pause on			
		1 August, subject to a continued decline in the rates of			
Someone entering the		community transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19).			
school/workplace/offices		This means that even the small number of pupils who			
with CV19		will remain on the shielded patient list can also return to			
Will ov 10		school, as can those who have family members who			
		are shielding. Read the <u>current advice on shielding</u>			
		if rates of the disease rise in local areas, children (or			
		family members) from that area, and that area only, will			
		be advised to shield during the period where rates			

		remain high and therefore they may be temporarily absent (see below). • some pupils no longer required to shield but who generally remain under the care of a specialist health professional may need to discuss their care with their health professional before returning to school (usually at their next planned clinical appointment). You can find more advice from the Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health at COVID-19 - 'shielding' guidance for children and young people.			
(28.Music) Music Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19) Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	1 We are aware that there may be an additional risk of infection in environments where you or others are singing, chanting, playing wind or brass instruments or shouting. This applies even if individuals are at a distance . 2 Schools should consider how to reduce the risk, particularly when pupils are playing instruments or singing in small groups such as in music lessons by, for example, physical distancing and playing outside wherever possible, limiting group sizes to no more than 15, positioning pupils back-to-back or side-to-side, avoiding sharing of instruments, and ensuring good ventilation. 3 Singing, wind and brass playing will not take place in larger groups such as school choirs and ensembles, or school assemblies. Further more detailed DfE guidance will be published shortly.	THAMES and Music Mark guidance to be followed if school closed and lessons provided by teachers for remote learning Provide hand hygiene facilities in rooms where music tuition may be taught Music staff only access music room toilet area for hand washing facility Keep room ventilated Provide access to cleaning facility for instruments used in lessons Pupils and staff use hand sanitiser before and after using instruments Percussion instruments to be used to deliver curriculum of music appreciation, notation and composition. Instruments used by each group will be stored away for the following week If needed for same day lesson they should be cleaned Half class in music room while other half in class with THAMES virtual lesson – these will swap the following week	THAMES CS / GR (Music teachers)	

(29.Contingency planning) Coronavirus (COVID-19) (CV19) Someone entering the school/workplace/offices with CV19	Employees, agency, Pupils, visitors Causing severe infection/disease	1 Contingency planning for outbreaks are being developed and are awaiting the updated information 2 If a local area sees a spike in infection rates that are resulting in localised community spread, appropriate authorities will decide which measures to implement to help contain the spread. 3 The Department for Education will be involved in decisions at a local and national level affecting a geographical area and will support appropriate authorities and individual settings to follow the health advice. More information will be provided on this process in due course. 4 For individuals or groups of self-isolating pupils, remote education plans should be in place. These should meet the same expectations as those for any pupils who cannot yet attend school at all due to coronavirus (COVID-19).		Hymn Practice in hall , doors and windows opened, with class bubbles Y1 and 2 , Y3 and 4 , Y5 and 6, spaced socially distanced, not face to face and provide visor screen for teacher and encourage 'singing safely' for short periods of time during 3 x 30 min lessons. Pupils to stand during hymn practices but encourage movement for comfort and safety Y 4 Violin and cellos allocated to pupils weekly by teachers Y 5 and 6 continuers keep their own instrument and return music stand to music room School to adopt G Suite to facilitate remote learning along with Purple Mash / Oak Academy and Mathletics Technician will provide support in each class for pupils and staff on G Suite applications Lessons in autumn will enable pupils to engage with G Suite Teachers plan to set autumn homework using Purple Mash and White Rose until pupils are confident with G Suite logins. Teachers plan to deliver a range of live teaching and learning experiences for whole class and group learning depending on age and ability of pupils Teacher assistants and other support staff to learn to navigate	G Suite training in September 2020 CP Remote Learning Policy and Plan Jan 2021 MM	
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5 In the event of a local outbreak, the PHE health protection team or local authority may advise a school or number of schools to close temporarily to help control transmission.	Google Classroom and assist teachers in monitoring pupils access to online learning and their participation
6 Schools will need a contingency plan for this eventuality. This may involve a return to remaining open only for vulnerable	is
children and the children of critical workers and providing remote education for all other pupils.	ote

Overall Residual Risk for Activity (L / M / H):

Medium

Level of Risk	Suggested Action
LOW	Control measures are adequate but continue to monitor and review; ensure that they remain satisfactory and appropriate
MEDIUM	Control measures need to be introduced within a specified time period; continue to monitor and review
HIGH	Unless control measures can be immediately introduced to reduce the risk so far as is reasonably practicable, the task or activity should be suspended





